

Healthy Children (/English) > Safety & Prevention (https://www.healthychildren.org/English/safety-prevention) > At Home (https://www.healthychildren.org/English/safety-prevention/at-home) > Medication Safety (https://www.healthychildren.org/English/safety-prevention/at-home/medication-safety) > Diphenhydramine Dosage Table (eg, Benadryl) (Antihistamine)

SAFETY & PREVENTION

Diphenhydramine Dosage Table (eg, Benadryl) (Antihistamine)

Child's Weight (pounds)	20-24	25-37	38-49	50-99	100+	lbs
Liquid 12.5 mg	3/4	1	1 ½	2		tsp
Liquid 12.5 mg/5 milliliters (mL)	4	5	7.5	10		mL
Chewable 12.5 mg		1	1 ½	2	4	tablets
Tablets 25 mg		1/2	1/2	1	2	tablets
Capsules 25 mg				1	2	caps

Indications: Treatment of allergic reactions (/english/health-issues/conditions/allergies-asthma/Pages/default.aspx), nasal allergies, and hives (/English/health-issues/conditions/skin/Pages/Hives.aspx).

Table Notes:

- AGE LIMITS: Avoid diphenhydramine under 6 years of age unless instructed by healthcare provider. Non-sedating alternatives (eg, loratadine, cetirizine, fexofenadine) are available over-the-counter and are safer for young children.
- DOSAGE: Determine by finding child's weight in the top row of the dosage table

 MEASURING the DOSAGE: Syringes and droppers are more accurate than teaspoons. If possible, use the syringe or
 dropper that comes with the medication. If you use a teaspoon, it should be a measuring spoon. Regular spoons are not
 reliable. Also, remember that 1 level teaspoon equals 5 mL and that ½ a teaspoon equals 2.5 mL.
- FREQUENCY: Repeat every 6 hours as needed
- ADULT DOSAGE: 50 mg
- CHILDREN'S BENADRYL FASTMELTS: Each fastmelt tablet contains the equivalent of 12.5 mg of Diphenhydramine HCL and dosed the same as chewable tablets
- RISK of SIDE EFFECTS: May cause drowsiness and paradoxical excitatory. Use caution when driving or operating heavy
 machinery after dosing due to potential for sedation and decreased alertness. This is especially relevant for teen drivers.

Last Updated 11/5/2015

Source Adapted from My Child Is Sick! Expert Advice for Managing Common Illnesses and Injuries (Copyright © 2011 Barton D. Schmitt, MD, FAAP)

The information contained on this Web site should not be used as a substitute for the medical care and advice of your pediatrician. There may be variations in treatment that your pediatrician may recommend based on individual facts and circumstances.

Contact Us (https://www.healthychildren.org/english/pages/contact-us.aspx)
About Us (https://www.healthychildren.org/english/pages/about-aap.aspx)
Privacy Policy (https://www.healthychildren.org/english/pages/privacy-policy.aspx)
Terms of Use (https://www.healthychildren.org/english/pages/terms-of-use.aspx)
Editorial Policy (https://www.healthychildren.org/English/Pages/Editorial-Policy.aspx)



ie HONcode standard for trustworthy health (http://www.healthonnet.org/HONcode/Conduct.html)

© Copyright 2016 American Academy of Pediatrics. All rights reserved.